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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/772,785	02/05/2004	Friedrich-Karl Bruder	PO-7808C/LeA 36,299-C	5193	
157	7590 07/29/2004		EXAMINER		
BAYER MATERIAL SCIENCE LLC			BOYKIN, TERRESSA M		
100 21112111	H, PA 15205		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ŕ			1711		

DATE MAILED: 07/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application	ı No.	Applicant(s)	$\overline{\mathcal{I}}$		
Office Action Summer	10/772,785	i	BRUDER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
TI ALLUMO DATE CHI	Terressa M	· · ·	1711	_		
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the (cover sheet with the (correspondence add	dress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOI Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N	t, however, may a reply be til ory minimum of thirty (30) day expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ation to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely the mailing date of this co	: mmunication.		
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27	7 January 2004.					
	his action is no					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow			osecution as to the	merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er Ex parte Qua	yle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-7,14 -19, 20, 21, 22-27</u> is/are po	ending in the a	oplication.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd		=				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7,14 -19, 20, 21, 22-27</u> is/are re	ejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election red	quirement.				
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ a		objected to by the	Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to t						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr				R 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the			-	, ,		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei	ign priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority docume						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 10/687862.						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p			ed in this National s	Stage		
application from the International Bure	•	` ''				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a l	ist of the certific	ed copies not receive	ed.			
Attack was watch						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		N □ lata : 5	(DTO 445)			
2) Notice of Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4	l)				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/C Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/04</u> .	•		Patent Application (PTO	-152)		
S. Patent and Trademark Office TOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office	Action Summary	Pa	urt of Paper No./Mail Da	te 20040713		

Art Unit: 1711

Priority

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file application 10/687862.

35 USC 112, Second Paragraph

Claims 14- 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

*It is noted that there exist no original claim 13 among applicants' claims. *

Correction is required.

35 USC 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-19, 20,21, 22-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 2004/0049030 further in view of US 20040059068 see abstract, and excerpt below.

The references discloses an alkylphenoxy prepared from the same components as claimed by applicants except for disclosed use of the compound as a chain stopper or terminator as claimed by applicants' herein. However, it is well known in the art that alkylphenoxy compounds in general, may be used as chain stoppers for polymers. However, the reference US 20040059068, for example, discloses the use of several phenoxy moieties for this purpose. Note that the reference states that "Examples of the terminal stopper which may be employed include phenol, p-cresol, p-tert-butylphenol, p-tert-octylphenol, p-cumylphenol, p-nonylphenol, p-tert-amylphenol, bromophenol, tribromophenol, and pentabromophenol. Of these, phenol compounds containing no halogen atom are preferred, since they less adversely affect the environment. Further, the reference includes that when an aromatic polycarbonate copolymer

Art Unit: 1711

containing the polyorganosiloxane structural unit in a predetermined amount and having such an alkylphenoxy group that has a C10-C35 alkyl substituent and serves as an end group is produced as the laser marking resin of the present invention, a terminal stopper;

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to emplooy the alkylphenoxy compound as claimed for use as a chain terminating agent for a polymer compound silince such alkylphenoxy moieties are commonly and known in the art to be used for this purpose.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-19, 20,21, 22-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US 2004/0049030 see abstract, pages 1-6.

Applicants' claims are directed to a process of using of at least one member selected from a first group consisting of compounds conforming to formula (1) 19 wherein R1 is either H or a CH₃ radical; R2 denotes a member selected from the group consisting of H, linear C₁-C₁₈ alky, branched C₁-C₁₈ alkyl, linear C₁-C₁₈ alkoxy, branched C₁-C₁₈ alkoxy, Cl, Br, aryl radical and aralkyl radical, Z denotes an alkylene having 1 to 30 carbon atoms or a single bond, X denotes a single bond or a divalent radical, Y denotes a member selected from the group consisting of a cycloaliphatic radical, polycyclic aliphatic radical and an aromatic radical, and n is 1, 2, 3 or 4 and m is 0, 1, 2 or 3, with the proviso that the sum of n plus m is 4, comprising adding said phenol as a chain terminator to the reaction that entails at least one diphenol in the preparation of a member selected from a second group consisting polycarbonate, polyester carbonate and polyester.

Art Unit: 1711

With regard to claims 1, 22-27 note that the reference US 2004/0049030 discloses a tert-Alkylphenoxy-substituted polycyclic compounds of the general formula I:

where P is a conjugated polycyclic radical which is stable to bases and nucleophiles, optionally bears aryl substituents and contains no group from the group consisting of --CO--NH--CO--, --COOH and --CO--O--CO--; R is C1-C 8 alkyl, whose carbon chain may be interrupted by one or more groups selected from the group consisting of --O--, --S--, --NR1--, --CO-- and/or --SO2 -- and which may be monosubstituted or polysubstituted by C1-C6-alkoxy or by a 5 - to 7-membered heterocyclic radical which is attached via a nitrogen atom and may contain further heteroatoms and be aromatic; C5 - C8-cycloalkyl whose carbon chain may be interrupted by one or more groups selected from the group consisting of --O--, --S--, --NR1--, --CO-- and/or --SO2-- and which may be monosubstituted or polysubstituted by C1 -C6-alkyl; R1 is hydrogen or C1- C6alkyl; Hal is chlorine and/or bromine; m is from 0 to 15; n is from 1 to 16, subject to the proviso that the sum m+n is > or = to 16, are prepared and used tertalkylphenoxy substituted polycyclic compounds of general formula (I), in which the variables have the following meanings: P=a conjugated polycyclic group, optionally aryl substituted, stable to base and acid and not containing residues from the group --CO--NH--CO--, --COOH and --CO--O--CO--; R is a C1-C8 alkyl, the carbon chain of which may be interrupted by one or several groups of --O--, --S--, --NR1--, --CO-- and/or --SO2-- and which may be mono- or seriallysubstituted by C₁-C₆ alkoxy or 5- to 7-membered heterocyclic group, bonded by means of a nitrogen atom, which can contain further heteroatoms and can be aromatic, C5-C8 cycloalkyl. the carbon skeleton of which may be interrupted by one or several groups of --O-, --S-, --NR1--, --CO- and/or --SO2-- and may optionally be substituted with C1-C6 alkyl R1 is H or C1-C6 is an alkyl; Hal is a chlorine and/or bromine; m = a number from 0 to =15; n = a number from 1 to 16, whereby the sum m+n is > or = 16, production and use thereof.

With regard to applicants' claims 2, 3 and 4 the reference states that the compounds I according to the invention are notable for their high solubility in, ie. their very good compatibility with, not only polar media (eg. aliphatic alcohols and esters on the one hand and polyacrylates, polycarbonates and polyesters on the other) but also nonpolar media (respectively alkanes and polyolefins, for example).

With regard to applicants' claims 5, 6 and 7 regarding molded articels comprising the moieties therefrom, note that the reference states that the

Art Unit: 1711

compound may be used with advantage for a multiplicity of applications, for example for coloring or additivating high molecular weight organic and inorganic materials, especially plastics, paints and printing inks, and oxidic materials. It is well-known that plastics may be used for preparing molded articles therefrom.

It is noted that claims 8-12 have been cancelled.

It is noted that exist no original claim 13.

With regard to original claims 14,15, 16, 17, 18, and 19 as noted above, the reference states that the compounds I are notable for their high solubility in, ie. their very good compatibility with, not only polar media (eg. aliphatic alcohols and esters on the one hand and polyacrylates, polycarbonates and polyesters on the other) but also nonpolar media (respectively alkanes and polyolefins, for example).

With regard to applicants' claims 20 and 21 note table 1 and examples 1-15.

Thus the reference US 2004/0049030 discloses a prepared from the same components as claimed by applicants. Thus in view of the above, there appears to be no significant difference between the reference US 2004/0049030and that which is claimed by applicant(s). Any differences not specifically mentioned appear to be conventional. Consequently, the claimed invention cannot be deemed as novel and accordingly is unpatentable.

<u>Correspondence</u>

Please note that the cited U.S. patents and patent application publications are available for download via the Office's PAIR. As an alternate source, all U.S. patents and patent application publications are available on the USPTO web site (www.uspto.gov), from the Office of Public Records and from commercial sources. Applicants may be referred to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at http://www.uspto.gov/ebc/index.html or 1-866-217-9197.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Terressa Boykin whose telephone

Art Unit: 1711

number is 571 272-1069. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:30am to 3:00pm.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. The general information number for listings of personnel is (**571-272-1700**).

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

tmb

Examiner Terressa Boykin Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1711